# The Oklahoma Meso-Scale Integrated Socio-Geographic Network

## Where We've Been and Where We're Going

Carol Silva Hank Jenkins-Smith Joe Ripberger Nina Carlson Deven Carlson Matt Henderson

## **Motivation**



## Infrastructure (Data)

### Weather and Climate Data: Oklahoma Mesonet

• Network of 121 environmental monitoring stations that collect and disseminate weather and climate data

### Social Data: Oklahoma M-SISNet

- Network of 2000+ "social monitoring stations" (households) that provide data on environmental perceptions, beliefs, and behaviors
- Data provide detailed information about the extent to which Oklahoma residents perceive signals about the weather and climate around them, worry about those signals, and/or do something in response to them



### **M-SISNet Overview**

- Data come from a panel of 2000+ households across the state of Oklahoma that respond to quarterly surveys about "the weather, society, and government"
  - Panelists were selected at random from a list of all known addresses in Oklahoma (~16% response rate)
  - Oversamples in Kiamichi, Cimarron, Washita, Canadian, OKC regions
  - Invited to complete 17 surveys (Winter 2014 to Winter 2018)
  - Received a \$10 gift card for completing each survey
- Each survey include three types of questions:
  - 1. Quarterly questions measure dynamic concepts like perceptions of extreme weather and climate variability, and corresponding behaviors that may be related to these perceptions (e.g., energy, water, and land usage)
  - 2. Yearly questions measure less dynamic concepts, such as land-use decisions and the beliefs, values, and norms that may orient perceptions and behaviors
  - 3. One-time questions that are submitted by decision-makers or scientists who are interested in specialized topics
- View questions and download data here: <u>http://crcm.ou.edu/epscordata/</u>

For more information, see: Jenkins-Smith, Hank, et al. "The Oklahoma Meso-Scale Integrated Socio-Geographic Network: A Technical Overview." *Journal of Atmospheric and Oceanic Technology* 34.11 (2017): 2431-2441.

### **Fun Facts**

- Data collection started in **February 2014**, when OU POLL began calling and mailing approximately **50,000** prospective panelists across the state
- Since then, OU POLL has made more than 100,000 phone calls and CRCM has sent more than 120,000 emails to invite and encourage panelist participation and retention
- To date, **4,050** panelists have completed a total of **38,928** surveys, answering more than **1,000** different questions across **17** quarterly surveys
- Roughly 80% of panelists have completed the survey each quarter and 60% have completed 10+ surveys
- 96% of the panelists are willing participate in future research projects!

#### New Members of the M-SISNet Team!

Lila Elisabeth Carlson was born a few days before the **FIRST** EPSCoR State Conference (March 27, 2014)

Kavya Gupta Ripberger was born a few days before the **LAST** EPSCoR State Conference (March 26, 2018)



### **Ongoing projects and collaborations**

- Human perception of climate anomalies (OU and OSU)
- Evolution of climate change beliefs and behaviors (OU and OSU)
- Extreme weather and public health (OU and University of New Mexico)
- Weather and climate communication (OU)
- Tornado experience, risk perception, and mitigation (OU, Wharton, Austin College, NCAR)
- Wildfire risk perception and mitigation (OU and OSU)
- Earthquake risk perception and mitigation (OU and OSU)
- Weather, climate, and recreation (OSU)
- Extreme weather and aeroecology (OU)

### **Outputs and Outcomes**

- Articles, manuscripts, and conference proceedings
- Grant funding
- Dissertations
- Open source textbook (SHAREOK: <u>https://shareok.org/handle/11244/52244</u>)

![](_page_7_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Do people accurately perceive climate feedback (anomalies)? Or, do core beliefs (political predispositions) bias perception of feedback?

![](_page_8_Figure_2.jpeg)

### Do people accurately perceive climate feedback (anomalies)? Or, do core beliefs (political predispositions) bias perception of feedback?

![](_page_9_Figure_2.jpeg)

(c) Perception of Precipitation Anomaly (M-SISNet)

![](_page_9_Figure_4.jpeg)

(d) Perception of Temperature Anomaly (M-SISNet)

**SP16** 

SU16

**FA16** 

WI17

![](_page_9_Figure_6.jpeg)

# Do people accurately perceive climate feedback (anomalies)? Or, do core beliefs (political predispositions) bias perception of feedback?

![](_page_10_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Figure_1.jpeg)

## **Climate Change Beliefs**

Are greenhouse gases causing average global temperatures to rise? How certain are you that greenhouse gases [are/are not] causing average global temperatures to rise?

![](_page_12_Figure_2.jpeg)

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Are greenhouse gases causing average global temperatures to rise? How certain are you that greenhouse gases [are/are not] causing average global temperatures to rise?

![](_page_13_Figure_2.jpeg)

### Are climate change beliefs stable? Or, do they evolve over time?

![](_page_14_Figure_2.jpeg)

### Are climate change beliefs stable? Or, do they evolve over time?

![](_page_15_Figure_2.jpeg)

### Are climate change beliefs stable? Or, do they evolve over time?

- Climate change beliefs are stable for some portions of the population and variable for others
- Preliminary analysis indicates that perceptions partially drive the evolution of climate change beliefs—people update their beliefs in accordance with the signals they perceive
  - If a season is unusually **hot** and **dry**, they become *more* certain that climate change is happening (or *less* certain that it is *not* happening)
  - If a season is unusually **cool** and **wet**, they become *less* certain that climate change is happening (or *more* certain that it is *not* happening)
- People are more perceptive and adaptive than current research suggests

# Do people change behaviors as their beliefs about climate change evolve?

## Next Step #1: Linking Beliefs & Behaviors

![](_page_17_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Figure_0.jpeg)

## Next Step #2: Linking Behaviors & Weather/Climate Change

## Weather and Climate

**Behaviors** 

- This step is more of a leap—it will require collaboration and additional data integration
  - We are going to begin this process by focusing on the connection between human behavior (land use), land cover, and weather/climate change
    - Integrate data from the Oklahoma Mesonet and M-SISNet with LULC data from the remote sensing team(s)
    - Looking for new ideas and collaborators!

## Thank You!!!

### For more information, updates, and data go to: http://crcm.ou.edu/epscor/

![](_page_20_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_3.jpeg)

#### Oklahoma Meso-Scale Integrated Sociogeographic Network (M-SISNet)

#### The data below were collected with support from the National Science Foundation under Grant No. IIA-1301789.

The Oklahoma Weather, Society and Government survey measures Oklahomans' perceptions of weather in our state, and also asks about their views on government policies and societal issues, to help understand how those perceptions and views might shape how Oklahomans use water and energy.

Since winter 2014, at the end of each meteorological season (winter, spring, summer and fall) the University of Oklahoma's Center for Risk and Crisis Management (CRCM) has surveyed thousands of people all

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